2.3 Uniform Acceleration

Quick Note: $\frac{k_{m}}{h} \leftrightarrow \frac{m}{s} \quad \frac{k_{m}}{h} \underset{1 \mathrm{~km}}{1000 \mathrm{~m}} \times \frac{1 \mathrm{~h}}{3600 \mathrm{~m}}=\frac{\mathrm{m}}{\mathrm{s}}$

(\#1) $\vec{d}=\frac{v i+v_{f}}{2} \cdot t$
(\#2) $\vec{a}=\frac{v_{f}-v_{i}}{t}$
What if we don't want $V_{f}$ ?
\#2 solve for $v_{f}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
\overrightarrow{a^{t}}=\frac{v_{f}-v i}{t} \times t \Rightarrow \underset{~ a}{t} t=v_{f}-v_{i} \\
+v_{i}
\end{aligned}
$$

Substitute into \#1

$$
d=\frac{v_{i}+\left(v_{i}+a t\right)}{2} \cdot t \Rightarrow \vec{d}=\left(\frac{\left(2 v_{i}\right.}{2}+\frac{a t}{2}\right) \cdot t
$$

\#3 $\left\lvert\, \vec{d}=\vec{v}_{i} t+\frac{1}{2} a t^{2}\right.$
Ex. Dead Jeff is strapped into a wing suit and kicked out of a plane. The
wingsuit lets him fall with an acceleration of $5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ and his initial velocity $0.5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ downward. How far has Dead Jeff fallen is 15 seconds?

$$
v_{i}=0,5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}
$$

$$
16
$$

$$
a=5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}
$$

$$
d=?
$$

$$
t=15 \mathrm{~s}
$$

$$
\begin{gathered}
d=v i t+\frac{1}{2} a t^{2} \\
\vec{d}=0.5(15)+\frac{1}{2}(5)(15)^{2} \\
\vec{d}=7.5+\frac{1}{2}(5)(225) \\
\vec{d}=7.5+562.5 \\
\vec{d}=570 \mathrm{~m}
\end{gathered}
$$

What if we dort have time?
\#2 solve for $t$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \# 1 d=\frac{v_{i}+v_{F}}{2} t \\
& \# 2 a=\frac{v_{F}-v_{i}}{t}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& t \times \frac{\vec{q}}{木}=\frac{\vec{v}_{f}-\vec{v}_{c}}{t^{a}} \times \neq t \\
& t=\frac{v_{F}-v_{i}}{a} \Rightarrow \text { substitute into } \# 1 \\
& \vec{d}=\frac{v_{i}+v_{f}\left(\frac{v_{F}-v_{i}}{2}\right) \Rightarrow \vec{d}=\frac{\left(v_{i}+v_{f}\right)\left(v_{f}-v_{i}\right)}{2 a}}{2 a} \\
& \vec{d}=\frac{v^{2}}{2}-v_{i}^{2}+v_{f}^{2}-\operatorname{sit}=\frac{v_{f}^{2}-v_{v}^{2}}{2 a} .2 a
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
\substack{+v_{i}^{2} \\
2 a d=v e_{i}^{2}-v_{i}^{2} \\
+v_{i}^{2}} & \Rightarrow \\
& \# 4 v_{F}^{2}=v_{i}^{2}+2 a d
\end{aligned}
$$

Example: An investigater is investigating a car crash. Through observation and science she determines the cars slid 47 m and decelerated at a rate of $3.2 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$. How fast was 1 the car going just before it crashed? To astop $v_{f}=0$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& V_{i}=? \\
& V_{f}=0 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s} \\
& a=-3.2 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} \\
& d=47 \mathrm{~m}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
v_{f}^{2}=v_{i}^{2}+2 a d
$$

Solve for $v_{i}$

$$
\sqrt{V_{i}^{2}}=\sqrt{V F^{2}-2 a d}
$$

$$
V_{i}=\sqrt{\left(v_{f}^{2}-2 a d\right)}
$$

$$
V_{i}=\sqrt{\left((0)^{2}-2(-3.2)(47)\right)}
$$

$$
v_{i}=\sqrt{0+300.8}=\sqrt{300.8}
$$

$$
v_{i}=17.345386
$$

$$
v_{c}=17 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}
$$


(1) Write down the variables $v_{i_{f}}$ at and what you know.
(2) Figure out which formula to use write it down.
(3) Solve for the wanted variable. General solving $\rightarrow$ no number
(4) Plug in numbers, get your answer.个DOTHTS

